IBM Web Sphere MQ Installation Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Release 12.2.0.0.0 [May] [2016]



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1. Configuring IBM WebSphere MQ

1.1 Prerequisite

- ✓ Make sure that WebSphere MQ 6.0 (with JMS Bindings) is installed. If it is not installed then please contact WebSphere MQ Administrator for getting it installed on your machine.
- ✓ X-Windows for using WebSphere MQ Explorer on UNIX machines.



1.2 Binding the Queue with the JNDI provider

IBM provides a tool called JmsAdmin tool for binding (JNDI) the queue managers and queues with the JNDI providers. Right now the most popular JNDI provider is file system JNDI provider. This document lists steps for JNDI binding of the queue managers and queues with the file system JNDI provider.

Follow the steps given in this section to install and configure the OC4J JMS Resource Adapter for WebSphere MQ only i.e. if the application server is Oracle 10g AS and the JMS Provider is IBM WebSphere MQ.

JmsAdmin tool can be found under,

<WEBSPHERE_MQ_HOME>\java\bin (On Windows as well as on UNIX)

where,

WEBPSHERE MQ HOME is the directory where IBM WebSphere MQ is installed.



1.2.1 Binding of the Queues Managers and Queues

- 1. Make sure that you have also installed WebSphere MQ client on the server. This can be confirmed by the presence of folder <WEBPSHERE HOME>\java\bin.
- 2. Make sure that all the jar files inside the folder <WEBPSHERE _HOME>\java\lib are included in the classpath.
- 3. Go to the folder <WEBPSHERE _HOME>\java\bin
- 4. Open file JMSAdmin.config
- 5. Now modify the parameter "INITIAL_CONTEXT_FACTORY". This parameter should be equal to the value com.sun.jndi.fscontext.RefFSContextFactory.

e.g.:

INITIAL_CONTEXT_FACTORY=com.sun.jndi.fscontext.RefFSContextFactory

For Commenting any line use the symbol #

e.g.:

#INITIAL_CONTEXT_FACTORY=com.sun.jndi.fscontext.RefFSContextFactory is the commented line.

6. Now modify the parameter called "PROVIDER_URL" in this file to the required value.

```
e.g.: PROVIDER URL=file:/D:/bindings (Windows)
```

PROVIDER_URL=file:/home/KERNEL/ bindings (UNIX)

This parameter indicates a directory on the local disc where the JMS binding file is to be created. This should be an existing directory on the machine.

- 7. After saving the changes open a new command prompt
- 8. Go to <WEBPSHERE _HOME>\java\bin
- 9. Type "jmsadmin" on the prompt and press enter



e.g. <WEBPSHERE _HOME>\java\bin>jmsadmin (windows)

<WEBPSHERE _HOME>/java/bin \$ jmsadmin (UNIX)

10. This should clear the command window and give a prompt like

InitCtx>

11. For creating bindings for the connection to the Queue manager type the following command on the command window.

define xqcf(<JNDI_MAPPING_OF_QUEUE_MANAGER>) qmanager (<QUEUE_MANAGER_NAME>) host(<IP_ADD_OF_MQ_SERVER_MACHINE>) port(<PORT_OF_QUEUE_MANAGER>) tran(CLIENT)

e.g. InitCtx>define xqcf(SSIAD_MDB_QCF) qmanager(QM_DDTD0270) host(10.80.161.40) port(1414) tran(CLIENT)

To create bindings for the connection to the Queue manager that uses **Channels**

type the following command:

define xqcf(<JNDI_MAPPING_OF_QM>) CHANNEL(<CHANNEL_NAME>) qmanager
(<QUEUE_MANAGER_NAME>) host(<IP_ADD_OF_MQ_SERVER_MACHINE>) port(<PORT_OF_QM>) tran(CLIENT)

E.g. InitCtx>define xqcf(SSIAD_MDB_QCF) CHANNEL(FLEX.CLIENTS.TCP) qmanager(QM_DDTD0270) host(10.80.161.40) port(1414) tran(CLIENT)

[Note: This command has to be given in a single line.]

- This defines the JNDI mapping (SSIAD_MDB_QCF) for the queue manager (QM_DDTD0270) running on machine (10.80.4.102) and port (1414)
- This JNDI mapping (SSIAD_MDB_QCF) should be the same as that is created in MQ.



12. For creating bindings for the queues type the following command on the command window.

DEFINE Q(<QUEUE_NAME>) QUEUE(<QUEUE_NAME>) qmanager (<QUEUE_MANAGER_NAME>)

[Note: This command has to be given in a single line.]

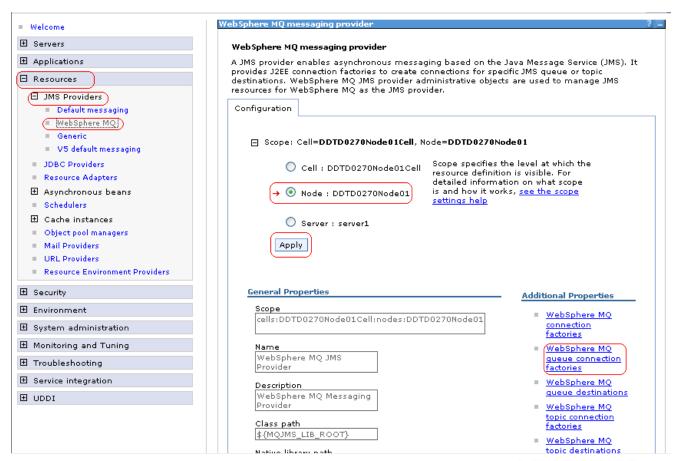
e.g.: InitCtx> DEFINE Q(NOTIFY_DEST_QUEUE) QUEUE(NOTIFY_DEST_QUEUE) qmanager (QM_DDTD0270)

- This will bind the queue called " NOTIFY_DEST_QUEUE " by the binding name " NOTIFY_DEST_QUEUE " to the queue manager "QM_DDTD0270". Normally the binding name and the queue name should be the same as shown in this example.

2. Creating and Mapping JMS Resources in WebSphere Application Server

2.1 Creation of WebSphere MQ Queue Connection Factories

- On the Left Hand Side of the WebSphere Application Server Admin Console, click on Resources and Expand the JMS Providers.
- 2. Now click on WebSphere MQ option.
- Following screen will be displayed. Select the Node Option and then press Apply.
- 4. Now Click on WebSphere MQ Queue connection factories listed under Additional Properties



5. Following screen will be displayed. Click on **New**.

WebSphere MQ messaging provider

0

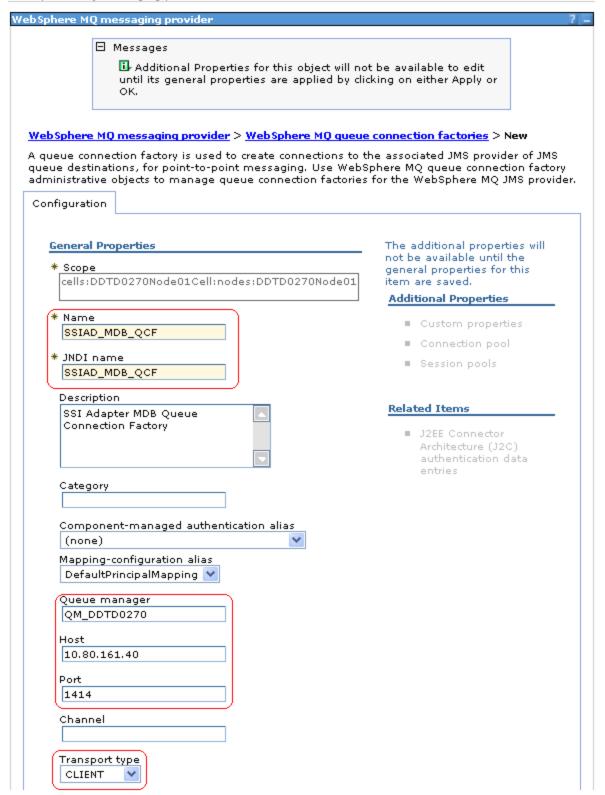
	WebSphere MQ messaging provider > WebSphere MQ queue connection factories						
A queue connection factory is used to create connections to the associated JMS provider of JMS queue destinations, for point-to-point messaging. Use WebSphere MQ queue connection factory administrative objects to manage queue connection factories for the WebSphere MQ JMS provid							
⊕ Pref	references						
New	New Delete						
Select	Name 💠	JNDI name 🗘	Description 🗘	Category 🗘			
	MDBQCF	MDBQCF					
	MDB DQCF	MDB_DQCF					
	NOTIFY MDB QCF	NOTIFY_MDB_QCF	Gateway Notify MDB Queue Connection Factory				
Total							

- 6. Following screen will be displayed.
 - ✓ Configure the details as mentioned below:

Name:	SSIAD_MDB_QCF (Name of the QCF as specified)
JNDI Name:	SSIAD_MDB_QCF (Name of the QCF as specified)
Queue Manager:	Name of the Queue Manager that we create in IBM MQ.
Host:	IP Address of the Machine where IBM MQ is installed.
Port:	1414. (CONFIGURABLE AS PER REQUIREMENT)
Transport Type:	CLIENT

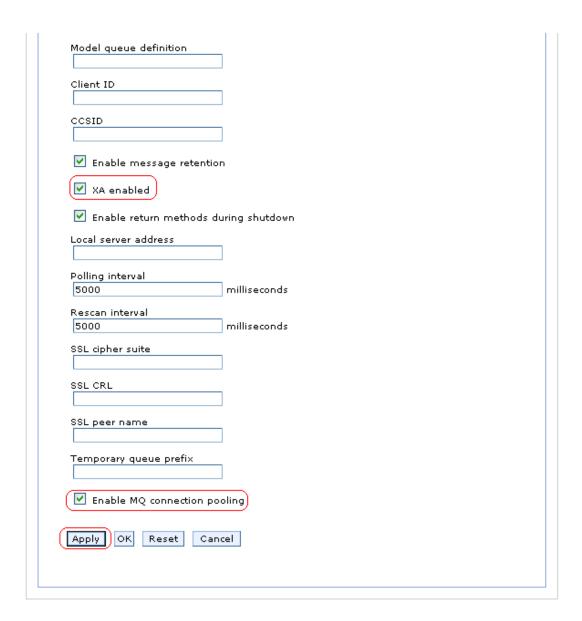
[Note: The rest all fields are optional and can be ignored. Some of the fields will have values which will be defaulted automatically.]





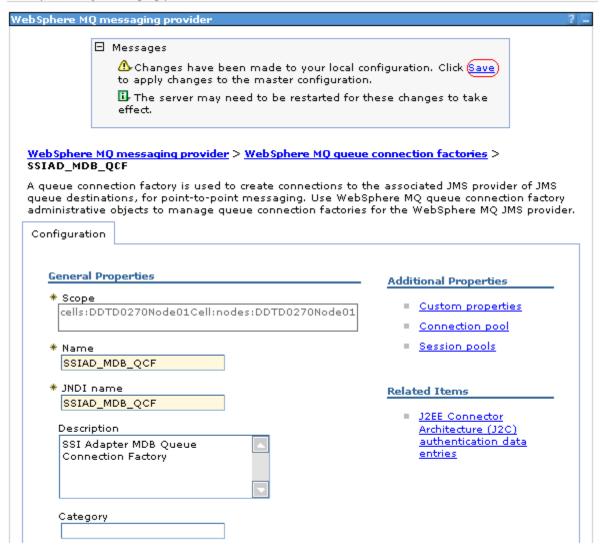
- 7. Make sure following two are selected,
 - ✓ XA Enabled
 - ✓ Enable MQ connection pooling

Then click on Apply



8. Following screen will be displayed. Click on Save.

WebSphere MQ messaging provider



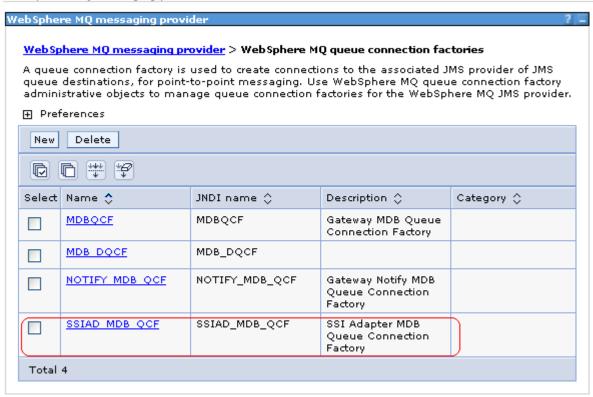
9. Following screen will be displayed. Click on **Save**.

WebSphere MQ messaging provider



- 10. Following screen will be displayed.
 - ✓ It should show the Queue Connection Factory that has been created in the above steps as shown bellow.

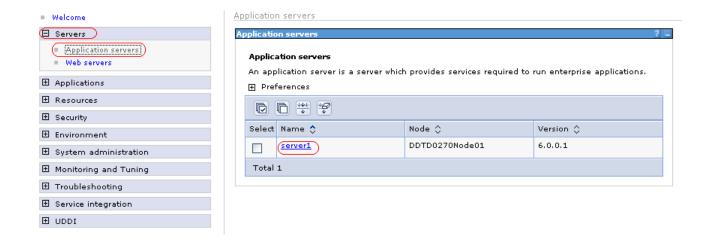
WebSphere MQ messaging provider



2.2 <u>Creation of Message Listener Ports</u>



- 1. On the Left Hand Side Click on Servers and then click on Application Servers.
- 2. Now Click on Server1 on Right Hand Side.



- 3. Following screen will be displayed.
 - ✓ Expand Messaging under Communications and then click on Message Listener Service.

Application servers Application servers Application servers > server1 An application server is a server which provides services required to run enterprise applications. Runtime Configuration **General Properties** Container Settings Name ★ Web Container Settings server1 **EJB** Container Settings Run in development mode ✓ Parallel start **Business Process Services** Server-specific Application Settings Server messaging Classloader policy Messaging engines Multiple 💙 Messaging engine inbound transports Class loading mode WebSphere MQ link inbound transports Parent first 💌 SIB service Server Infrastructure οк Reset Cancel Apply **±** Java and Process Management ■ Administration Communications **⊞** Ports

■ Messaging

Message Listener Service

4. Following screen will be displayed. Click on **Listener Ports**.



5. Following screen will be displayed. Click on **New**.



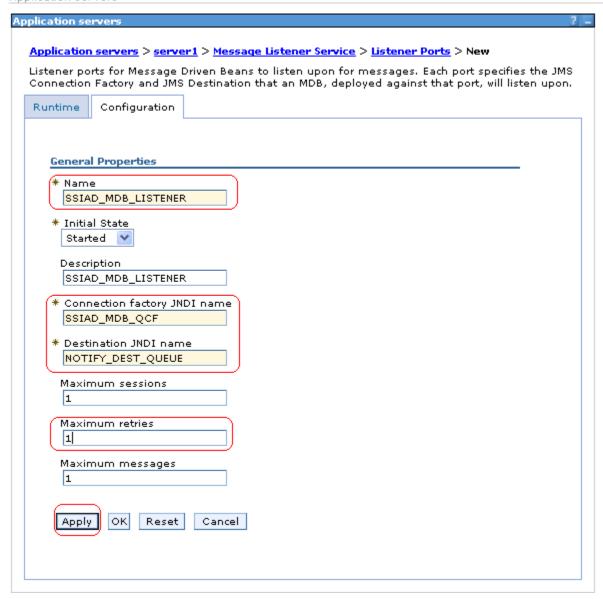


6. Following screen will be displayed. Configure the **Listener Port** with the following details and then click on **Apply**.

Name:	SSIAD_MDB_LISTENER (Name of the Listener can be anything. But remember to give the same name while deploying corresponding MDB)
Initial State:	Started.
Description:	JMSListener Description
Connection Factory JDNI Name:	SSIAD_MDB_QCF (The same name that was created under step 5 for WebSphere MQ queue connection factory. Here specify the name of the Queue Connection Factory of the queue on which Listener has to attached)
Destination Name:	NOTIFY_DEST_QUEUE (The same name that was created under step 8 for Wbsphere MQ queue destinations. Here specify the name of the Queue on which Listener has to attached)
Max Retries	(This many number of times message will be re-delivered to MDB before Message Listener port shuts itself down)

[Note: The rest all values will be de-faulted automatically.]





7. Following screen will be displayed. Click on Save.

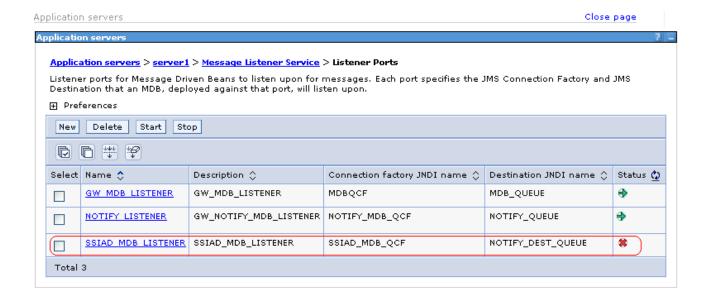
Application servers Application servers ☐ Messages 🛆 Changes have been made to your local configuration. Click (Save) to apply changes to the master configuration. 🗓 The server may need to be restarted for these changes to take <u>Application servers</u> > <u>server1</u> > <u>Message Listener Service</u> > <u>Listener Ports</u> > SSIAD_MDB_LISTENER Listener ports for Message Driven Beans to listen upon for messages. Each port specifies the JMS Connection Factory and JMS Destination that an MDB, deployed against that port, will listen upon. Configuration General Properties * Name SSIAD_MDB_LISTENER * Initial State Started 💙 Description SSIAD_MDB_LISTENER * Connection factory JNDI name SSIAD_MDB_QCF * Destination JNDI name NOTIFY_DEST_QUEUE Maximum sessions 1 Maximum retries 1 Maximum messages 1 Maximum sessions Maximum retries 1 Maximum messages Cancel Apply ОК Reset



8. Following screen will be displayed. Click on **Save**.

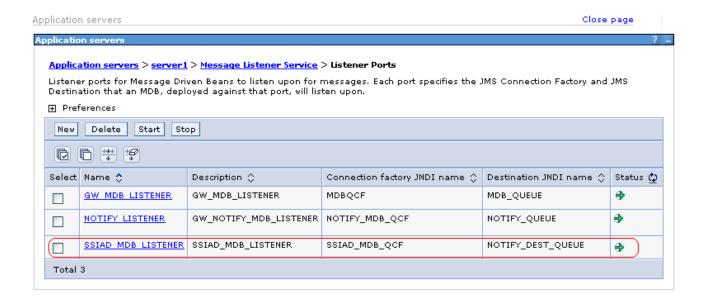


- 9. Following screen will be displayed.
 - ✓ It should show the Listener Port that has been created in the above steps as shown bellow.





10. Restart the Application server then follow steps 1,2,3,4 specified under this section. The Listener Port will be shown as started (as displayed in the following screen).



3. Appendix

3.1 <u>Kernel Installation Documents</u>

Please refer <u>SSIAD_Installation_FCUBSV.UM8.0.0.0.0.0.0.doc</u>.





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Oracle Financial Services Software Limited Oracle Park Off Western Express Highway Goregaon (East) Mumbai, Maharashtra 400 063 India

Worldwide Inquiries: Phone: +91 22 6718 3000 Fax:+91 22 6718 3001 www.oracle.com/financialservices/

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